Guideline of Care Food Standard (Seven Key Elements Full Version)

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Level Common	Food texture description	Applicable user's physiological condition description	Testing Methods						
The levels below are based on ne International Dysphagia Diet tandardisation Initiative (IDDSI)			Hardnes (N/m²)		rer / Import Adhesiveness (g•sec)		Individual user	Cooking examples	Standard level reference
O Thin	 Can drink through any type of teat/ nipple, cup or straw as appropriate for age and skills Flows like water Fast flow 	- Functional ability to safely manage liquids of all types	Nil	Starch- based: <40 Gum- based: <30	Nil	Nil	IDDSI Flow Test: - Less than 1 mL remaining in the 10 mL slip tip syringe after 10 seconds of flow	Carrot Level 0	- Commonly referre to as Thin in Hong Kong medical standard
Slightly thick	 Flows through a straw, syringe, teat/ nipple Requires a little more effort to drink than thin liquids Thicker than water Similar to the thickness of most commercially available 'Anti-regurgitation' (AR) infant formulas 	 Used in adult populations where thin drinks flow too fast to be controlled safely. These slightly thick liquids will flow at a slightly slower rate Often used in the paediatric population as a thickened drink that reduces speed of flow yet is still able to flow through an infant teat/nipple. Consideration to flow through a teat/nipple should be determined on a case-by-case basis 		Starch- based: 40 - 105 Gum- based: 30 - 100	Nil	Nil	 IDDSI Flow Test: Test liquid flows through a 10 mL slip tip syringe leaving 1 - 4 mL in the syringe after 10 seconds 	Carrot Level 1	Taiwan Food and Dr Texture Preparation Guidelines Proposal Level 1 Thin liquids - Commonly referr to as Slightly Thic in Hong Kong medical standard
2 Mildly thick	 Sippable, pours quickly from a spoon, but slower than thin drinks Mild effort is required to drink this thickness through standard bore straw (standard bore straw = 0.209 inch or 5.3 mm diameter) Flows off a spoon 	 If thin drinks flow too fast to be controlled safely, these Mildly Thick liquids will flow at a slightly slower rate May be suitable if tongue control is slightly reduced 	Nil	Starch- based: 105 - 255 Gum- based: 100 - 230	Nil	Nil	IDDSI Flow Test: - Test liquid flows through a 10 mL slip tip syringe leaving 4 - 8 mL in the syringe after 10 seconds		 Taiwan Food and Drir Texture Preparation Guidelines Proposal: Level 2 Slightly thick liq Commonly referred to as Mildly Thick in Hong Kong medical standard
Join Liquidised Join Liquidised	 Can be drunk from a cup Can be eaten with a spoon Moderate effort is required to suck through a standard bore or wide bore straw (wide bore straw = 0.275 inch or 6.9 mm) Cannot be piped, layered or moulded on a plate because it will not retain its shape Cannot be eaten with a fork because it drips slowly in dollops through the prongs No oral processing or chewing required (i.e., the process of food mixing with saliva to form a bolus), can be swallowed directly Smooth texture with no 'bits' (lumps, 	 Allows more time for oral control If tongue control is insufficient to manage Mildly Thick drinks (Level 2), this Liquidised/Moderately thick level may be suitable Needs some tongue propulsion effort Pain on swallowing 	Nİİ	Starch- based: 255 -1355 Gum- based: 230 - 500	Nil	Nil	 IDDSI Flow Test: Test liquid flows through a 10 mL slip tip syringe leaving more than 8 mL in the syringe after 10 seconds Fork Drip Test: Drips slowly in dollops through the prongs of a fork. When a fork is pressed on the surface of Level 3 Moderately Thick Liquid/Liquidised food, the tines/ prongs of a fork do not leave a clear pattern on the surface Spreads out if spilled onto a flat surface Spoon Tilt Test: Easily pours from spoon when tilted; does not stick to spoon 		 Taiwan Food and Drink Texture Preparation Guidelines Propo Level 3 Highly thi liquids (drink) Commonly referr to as Moderately Thick (drink) in H Kong medical standard
	fibres, bits of shell or skin, husk, particles of gristle or bone)						Chopstick Test: Chopsticks are not suitable for this texture Finger Test: It is not possible to hold a sample of this food texture using fingers, however, this texture slides smoothly and easily between the thumb and fingers, leaving a coating		
Pureed	 possible) Cannot be drunk from a cup Cannot be sucked through a straw Requires less propulsion effort than 	<5 x 103	Starch- based: >1355 Gum- based: >500	< (-55)	0.8 - 1	The IDDSI Flow test is not applicable, please use the Fork Drip Test and Spoon Tilt Test	Carrot Level 4	 Taiwan Food and Drink Texture Preparation 	
4 Extremely thick				(-55) - (-25)	0.1 - 0.8	 Fork Pressure Test: When a fork is pressed on the surface of the food, the tines/prongs of a fork can make a clear pattern on the surface, and/or the food retains the indentation from the fork No lumps 		Guidelines Propo Level 4 Chewing not required for	
cinck				(-25) - 0	0 - 0.1		Pureed	puree (food), leve homogeneous pu (drink)	
				* Further reference is needed regarding the combination of cohesiveness and adhesiveness as outlined in the Guideline of Care Food Standard, along with		 Fork Drip Test: Sample sits in a mound/pile above the fork; a small amount may flow through and form a short tail below the fork tines/prongs, but it does not flow or drip continuously through the prongs of a fork 		 Commonly referrent to as Full Puree M (food) (for referent only, full pureed meal approximate the texture level of 	
						Spoon Tilt Test: - Cohesive enough to hold its shape on the spoon	Extremely thick	pureed) and	

	- Liquid must not separate from solid				judgmer on food repeated	viscosity, or l verification IDDSI testing	 Cohesive enough to hold its shape on the spoon A full spoonful must plop off the spoon if the spoon is tilted or turned sideways or shaken lightly; a very gentle flick may be necessary to dislodge the sample from the spoon, but the sample should slide off easily with very little food left on the spoon. A thin film remaining on the spoon after the Spoon Tilt Test is acceptable, however, you should still be able to see the spoon through the thin film, i.e., the sample should not be firm and sticky May spread out slightly or slump very slowly on a flat plate Chopstick Test: Chopsticks are not suitable for this texture Finger Test: It is just possible to hold a sample of this texture using fingers. The texture slides smoothly and easily between the fingers and leaves noticeable coating 		Extremely Thick (drink) in Hong Kong medical standard - Japan Universal Design Food (UDF) (using hardness as reference standard): Level 4 chewing not required
Lev	- Can be eaten with a fork or spoon - Could be eaten with chopsticks in son	 Biting is not required Minimal chewing is required Tongue force alone can be used to separate the soft small particles in this texture Tongue force is required to move the 	<2 x 104	Nil	< (-55)	0.8 - 1	 Fork Pressure Test: When pressed with a fork the particles should easily be separated between and come through the tines/prongs of a fork Can be easily mashed with little pressure from a fork (pressure should not make the thumb nail blanch to white) 	i se	 Taiwan Food and Drink Texture Preparation Guidelines Proposal: Level 5 Food squashable with tongue Commonly referred
5	 moist cases, if the individual has very good hand control Can be scooped and shaped (e.g., into ball shape) on a plate 				(-55) - (-25)	0.1 - 0.8			
	- Soft and moist with no separate thin liquid	 bolus Pain or fatigue on chewing Missing tooth, poorly fitting deptures 			(-25) - 0	0 - 0.1	Fork Drip Test:		
	 Small lumps visible within the food Paediatric: equal to or less than 2 mr width and no longer than 8 mm in 	- Missing teeth, poorly fitting dentures		* Further reference is needed regarding the combination * Further reference is needed regarding the combination	Fork Drip Test: - When a sample is scooped with a fork it sits in a mound on the fork and does not easily or completely through the tines/prongs of a fork		to as Soft Meal/ Shredded Meal/ Minced Meal/		
	length · Adult: equal to or less than 4 mm width and no longer than 15 mm in length - Lumps are easy to squash with tongu	ue			of cohes and adh outlined Guidelin Standard judgmer on food repeated	iveness esiveness as in the e of Care Food d, along with	 Spoon Tilt Test: Cohesive enough to hold its shape on the spoon A full spoonful must slide/pour off/fall off the spoon if the spoon is tilted or turned sideways or shaken lightly; the sample should slide off easily with very little food left on the spoon, i.e., the sample should not be sticky A scooped mound may spread or slump very slightly on a plate 		Minced Congee Meal/ Smooth & Soft Meal/ Puree Rice Meal/ Puree Congee Meal in Hong Kong medical standard - Japan Universal Design Food (UDF) (using hardness as reference standard): Level 3 Can be squashed with tongue
					methods	-	 Chopstick Test: Chopsticks can be used to scoop or hold this texture if the sample is moist and cohesive and the person has very good hand control to use chopsticks 		
							 Finger Test: It is possible to easily hold a sample of this texture using fingers; small, soft, smooth, rounded particles can be easily separated using fingers. The material will feel moist and leave fingers wet. 		

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Level	Common name				Manufactu					
the Internation	low are based on nal Dysphagia Diet n Initiative (IDDSI)	Food texture description	Applicable user's physiological condition description	Hardnes (N/m²)		Adhesiveness (g•sec)		Individual user	Cooking examples	Standard level reference
	bite- sized	 Can be eaten with a fork, spoon or chopsticks Can be mashed/broken down with pressure from fork, spoon or chopsticks A knife is not required to cut this food, but may be used to help load a fork or spoon Chewing is required before swallowing Soft, tender and moist throughout but with no separate thin liquid 'Bite-sized' pieces as appropriate for size and oral processing skills Paediatric: 8mm pieces (no larger than) Adult: 15 mm = 1.5 cm pieces (no larger than) 	 Biting is not required Chewing is required Tongue force and control are required to move the food and keep it within the mouth for chewing and oral processing Tongue force is required to move the bolus for swallowing Pain or fatigue on chewing Missing teeth, poorly fitting dentures 	<5 x 104	Nil	< (-55)0.8 - 1(-55) - (-25)0.1 - 0.8(-25) - 00 - 0.1* Further reference is needed regarding the combination of cohesiveness and adhesiveness as outlined in the Guideline of Care Food Standard, along with judgment based on food viscosity, or repeated verification through IDDSI testing methods		 Fork Pressure Test: Pressure from a fork held on its side can be used to 'cut' or break apart or flake this texture into smaller pieces. When a sample the size of a thumb nail (1.5x1.5 cm) is pressed with the tines of a fork to a pressure where the thumb nail blanches to white, the sample squashes, breaks apart, changes shape, and does not return to its original shape when the fork is removed. Does not return to its original shape when the fork is removed. Does not return to its original shape when the fork is removed. Spoon Pressure Test: Pressure from a spoon held on its side can be used to 'cut' or break this texture into smaller pieces. When a sample the size of a thumb nail (1.5 cm x1.5 cm) is pressed with the base of a spoon, the sample squashes, breaks apart, changes shape, and does not return to its original shape when the fork is original shape when the spoon is removed. Chopstick Test: Chopsticks can be used to break this texture into smaller pieces or puncture food Finger Test: Use a sample the size of a thumb nail (1.5 cm x 1.5 cm). It is possible to squash a sample of this texture into sing finger pressure such that the thumb and index fingernails blanch to white. The sample breaks apart and will not return to its initial shape once pressure is released. 	Carrot Level 6	 Taiwan Food and Drink Texture Preparation Guidelines Propos Level 6 Soft food squashable with gum Commonly referret to as Soft Meal/ Shredded Meal/ Minced Meal/ Minced Congee Meal/ Smooth & S Meal/ Puree Rice Meal/ Puree Rice Meal/ Puree Cong Meal in Hong Kon medical standard Japan Universal Design Food (UDF (using hardness as reference standar Level 2 Can be squashed with gu
	Easy to Chew	 Normal, everyday foods of soft/tender textures that are developmentally and age appropriate Any method may be used to eat these foods Sample size is not restricted at Level 7, therefore, foods may be of a range of sizes 	 Requires the ability to bite soft foods and chew and orally process food for long enough that the person forms a soft cohesive ball/bolus that is 'swallow ready'. Does not necessarily require teeth. Requires the ability to chew and orally process soft/tender foods without tiring easily 	<5 x 105	Nil	< (-55) (-55) - (-25)	0.8 - 1 0.1 - 0.8	 Fork Pressure Test: Pressure from a fork held on its side can be used to 'cut' or break apart or flake this texture into smaller pieces When a sample the size of a thumb nail (1.5x1.5 cm) is pressed with the tines of a fork to a pressure where the 	Carrot Level 7EC	 Taiwan Food and Drink Texture Preparation Guidelines Proposa Level 7 Easy to che regular food Commonly referre to as Soft Meal/
						(-25) - 0	0 - 0.1	thumb nail blanches to white, the sample squashes, breaks apart, changes shape, and does not return to its original shape when the fork is removed. Does not return to its original shape when the fork is removed.		
		 Paediatric: smaller or greater than 8mm pieces Adult: smaller or greater than 15 mm = 1.5 cm pieces Does not include hard, tough, chewy, fibrous, stringy, crunchy, or crumbly bits, pips, seeds, fibrous parts of fruit, husks or bones May include 'dual consistency' or 'mixed consistency' foods and liquids 	 May be suitable for people who find hard and/or chewy foods difficult or painful to chew and swallow This level could present a choking risk for people with clinically identified increased risk of choking, because food pieces can be of any size. Restricting food piece sizes aims to minimize choking risk (e.g., Level 4 Pureed, Level 5 Minced & Moist, Level 6 Soft & Bite-sized have food piece size restrictions to minimize choking risk) This level may be used by qualified clinicians for developmental teaching, or progression to foods that need more advanced chewing skills If the person needs supervision to eat safely, before using this texture level consult a qualified clinician to determine the person's food texture needs, and mealtime plan for safety People can be unsafe to eat without supervision due to chewing and swallowing problems and/or unsafe mealtime behaviours Examples of unsafe mealtime behaviours Examples of unsafe mealtime behaviours include not chewing very well, putting too much food into the mouth, eating too fast or swallowing large mouthfuls of food, inability to selfmonitor chewing ability Clinicians should be consulted for specific advice for patient needs, requests and requirements for supervision Where mealtime supervision is needed, this level should only be used under the strict recommendation and written guidance of a qualified clinician 			* Further reference is needed regarding the combination of cohesiveness and adhesiveness as outlined in the Guideline of Care Food Standard, along with judgment based on food viscosity, or repeated verification through IDDSI testing methods		 Spoon Pressure Test: Pressure from a spoon held on its side can be used to 'cut' or break this texture into smaller pieces. When a sample the size of a thumb nail (1.5x1.5cm) is pressed with the base of a spoon to a pressure where the thumb nail blanches to white, the sample squashes, breaks apart, changes shape and does not return to its original shape when the spoon is removed. Chopstick Test: Chopsticks can be used to puncture this texture Finger Test: Use a sample the size of a thumb nail (1.5x1.5cm). It is possible to squash a sample of this texture using finger pressure such that the thumb and index fingernails blanch to white. The sample squashes and breaks apart and will not return to its initial shape once pressure is released. 		Shredded Meal/ Minced Meal/ Minced Congee Meal/ Smooth & Meal/ Puree Rice Meal/ Puree Cong Meal in Hong Kon medical standard - Japan Universal Design Food (UD (using hardness a reference standa Level 1 Easy to ch
	Regular	 Normal, everyday foods of various textures that are developmentally and age appropriate Any method may be used to eat these foods Foods may be hard and crunchy or naturally soft Sample size is not restricted at this level, therefore, foods may be of a range of sizes Paediatric: smaller or greater than 8 mm pieces Adult: smaller or greater than 15 mm = 1.5 cm pieces Includes hard, tough, chewy, fibrous, stringy, dry, crispy, crunchy, or crumbly bits Includes food that contains pips, seeds, pith inside skin, husks or bones Includes 'dual consistency' or 'mixed consistency' foods and liquids 	 Ability to bite hard or soft foods and chew them for long enough that they form a soft cohesive ball/bolus that is 'swallow ready' An ability to chew all food textures without tiring easily An ability to remove bone or gristle that cannot be swallowed safely from the mouth 	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	NI	Nil	- Commonly referrento as Regular Mea in Hong Kong medical standard

Level 6-7

Note: 1. Refer to the International Dysphagia Diet Standardisation Initiative (IDDSI) - Complete IDDSI Framework detailed definitions 2.0 | 2019, website: https://bit.ly/3LF9njT 2. The values of the manufacturer/importer testing methods are for reference only. It is recommended that even if they meet the specified testing requirements of a certain level, a dual verification should be conducted using the testing methods recommended by IDDSI. 3. This guideline aims to provide users with a reference by comparing commonly used standards from different regions. However, the levels of different standards may not necessarily correspond completely.





Email: goodlife@hkcss.org.hk



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